

The interaction between precipitation, clouds, turbulence, and dynamic processes over South America

Xiao-Ming Hu

Center for Analysis and Prediction of Storms (CAPS), University of Oklahoma

Nov 2023



Annual mean precipitation and clouds





0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 https://doi.org/10.1007/s10712-017-9416-4 0.9

60W

30W

Precipitation and cloud processes are prominent over South America

Precipitation/clouds/turbulence/dynamic processes are entangled



Seasonal mean precipitation during 1979–2014





https://doi.org/10.1007/s10712-017-9416-4

0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8

Two major precipitation regions over South American:

- Amazon 1.
- Southeastern South America (SESA) 2.

Intertropical and South Atlantic convergence zones (ITCZ and SACZ)

Prominent seasonal variation, wet season vs. dry season

South American summer monsoon (SASM)



Low-level atmospheric circulation over South America





Sensitivity of summer precipitation to PBL schemes





Observations



• YSU boundary layer scheme simulates stronger precipitation

Hu, X.-M., Y. Huang, M. Xue, E. Martin, Y. Hong, M. Chen, H. M. Novoa, et al., <u>Effects of lower</u> troposphere vertical mixing on simulated clouds and precipitation over Amazon during the wet season. J. Geophys. Res.-Atmospheres, <u>10.1029/2023JD038553</u>.



Evaluate diurnal variation of precipitation





• YSU simulates stronger daytime precipitation



Sensitivity of noontime precipitation to PBL schemes







YSU overestimates daytime precipitation



Sensitivity of noontime temperature to PBL schemes





• YSU simulates higher daytime temperature



Sensitivity of noontime radiation to PBL schemes



• YSU simulates stronger daytime radiation over **Cloud** region



Diurnal variation of clouds: YSU vs. ACM2



- Clouds dissipate during the day in YSU runs while they maintain in ACM2 runs
- ACM2 boundary layer scheme simulates more clouds by mixing more moisture upwards.

Hu, X.-M., Y. Huang, M. Xue, E. Martin, Y. Hong, M. Chen, H. M. Novoa, et al., <u>Effects of lower</u> troposphere vertical mixing on simulated clouds and precipitation over Amazon during the wet season. *J. Geophys. Res.-Atmospheres*, <u>10.1029/2023JD038553</u>.

GLOBAL CHANGE &

ΗυΜΑΝ ΗΕΔΙΤΗ ΙΙ

Detailed Analyses to Understand How Boundary Layer/turbulent Scheme Affects Rainfall in Amazon Region

- ACM2 simulates more clouds, which reduces the solar heating reaching the ground.
- With less heating, convective instability is reduced.
- Therefore, less precipitation is produced.
- Such complex interactions are now scientific findings.

Hu, X.-M., Y. Huang, M. Xue, E. Martin, Y. Hong, M. Chen, H. M. Novoa, et al., <u>Effects of lower troposphere vertical mixing on</u> <u>simulated clouds and precipitation over Amazon during the wet season</u>. J. Geophys. Res.-Atmospheres, <u>10.1029/2023JD038553</u>.

Cloud sensitivity to different mixing treatments

3kmACM2

 $\lambda = 80$ (default)

3

Mixing in presence of clouds

Table 1

Model Configuration for Sensitivity Simulations Modifying Parameters and Treatments in the Yonsei University (YSU) and Asymmetric Convective Model v2 (ACM2) Planetary Boundary Layer (PBL) Schemes

PBL	Grid spacings (km)	Experiment name	Changed parameters/treatments
YSU	15	YSU	p = 2 (default)
		YSUp.5	p = 0.5
		YSUuseACM2free	Use free troposphere treatment from ACM2
		YSUp.5useACM2free	p = 0.5 & use free troposphere treatment from ACM2
	3	3kmYSU	p = 2 (default)
		3kmYSUp.5	p = 0.5
		3kmYSUp.5useACM2free	p = 0.5 & use free troposphere treatment from ACM2
ACM2	15	ACM2	$\lambda = 80$ (default)
		ΑСΜ2λ30	$\lambda = 30$
	3	3kmACM2	$\lambda = 80$ (default)

ACM2 stronger FT vertical mixing in presence of **Clouds**

Mixing without clouds

• ACM2 stronger FT vertical mixing in presence of **clouds**

• Weak FT vertical mixing without clouds, which is not sensitive to PBL schemes

Clouds in the 3km simulations

• Similar sensitivity in 3km simulations

Precipitation in the 3km simulations

YSU p0.5 use

ACM2free

•Disentangle turbulence/cloud/precipitation processes over Amazon and reveal root cause for sensitivity to PBL schemes using WRF

•Free troposphere (FT) mixing becomes prominent in the presence of clouds, which in turn supports maintenance of the FT clouds that would otherwise dissipate

•Stronger vertical moisture relay transport in ACM2 PBL scheme supports thicker FT clouds, leading to reduced heating and precipitation

JGR Atmospheres

RESEARCH ARTICLE 10.1029/2023JD038553

Key Points:

- Disentangle turbulence/cloud/ precipitation processes over Amazon and reveal root cause for sensitivity to planetary boundary layer (PBL) schemes using the Weather Research and Forecasting model
- Free troposphere (FT) mixing becomes prominent in the presence of clouds, which in turn supports maintenance of the FT clouds that would otherwise dissipate
- Stronger vertical moisture relay transport in asymmetric convective model v2 (ACM2) PBL scheme supports thicker FT clouds, leading to reduced heating and precipitation

Effects of Lower Troposphere Vertical Mixing on Simulated Clouds and Precipitation Over the Amazon During the Wet Season

Xiao-Ming Hu^{1,2}, Yongjie Huang¹, Ming Xue^{1,2}, Elinor Martin², Yang Hong³, Mengye Chen³, Hector Mayol Novoa⁴, Renee McPherson⁵, Andres Perez⁴, Isaac Yanqui Morales⁴, and Auria Julieta Flores Luna⁴

¹Center for Analysis and Prediction of Storms, University of Oklahoma, Norman, OK, USA, ²School of Meteorology, University of Oklahoma, Norman, OK, USA, ³School of Civil Engineering and Environmental Science, University of Oklahoma, Norman, OK, USA, ⁴Universidad Nacional de San Agustín de Arequipa, Arequipa, Peru, ⁵Department of Geography and Environmental Sustainability, University of Oklahoma, Norman, OK, USA

Abstract Planetary boundary layer (PBL) schemes parameterize unresolved turbulent mixing within the PBL and free troposphere (FT). Previous studies reported that precipitation simulation over the Amazon in South America is quite sensitive to PBL schemes and the exact relationship between the turbulent mixing

Hu, X.-M., Y. Huang, M. Xue, E. Martin, Y. Hong, M. Chen, H. M. Novoa, et al., <u>Effects of lower troposphere vertical mixing on</u> <u>simulated clouds and precipitation over Amazon during the wet season</u>. *J. Geophys. Res.-Atmospheres*, <u>10.1029/2023JD038553</u>.

Severe air pollution issues over Peru

Qı

Severe air pollution issues over Peru

Worst SO₂. pollution over Arequipa

Sources: volcanos

Air pollution simulations/forecasting

CO emissions

O3 mixing ratios

WRF/Chem air quality simulation/forecasting system set up over Peru: https://caps.ou.edu/micronet/Peru.html

Grid spacing: 15km (south America) => **3km (Peru)** Grid points: 690 × 540 (d02) Emissions: 0.5° × 0.5° RETRO (REanalysis of the TROpospheric chemical composition) Efficiency: 2day forecast in 1 day using 4 skx nodes Chemical IC/BC: CAM-Chem

Air pollution forecasts, adding Volcán Chachani and Misti

If movie not working on left, click https://caps.ou.edu/micronet/Brazil/Simulations/3 .9.1/wrfchem3.9.1ERA2d_Peru_CAMchemICBCVocano.2019010100/wrfout_d02_so2_z oomin_0.gif

Star marks Arequipa

Volcano emissions may not affect ambient air quality

20211108

Volcano affect ambient air quality through mountain-mediated transport

Dynamic processes

>>